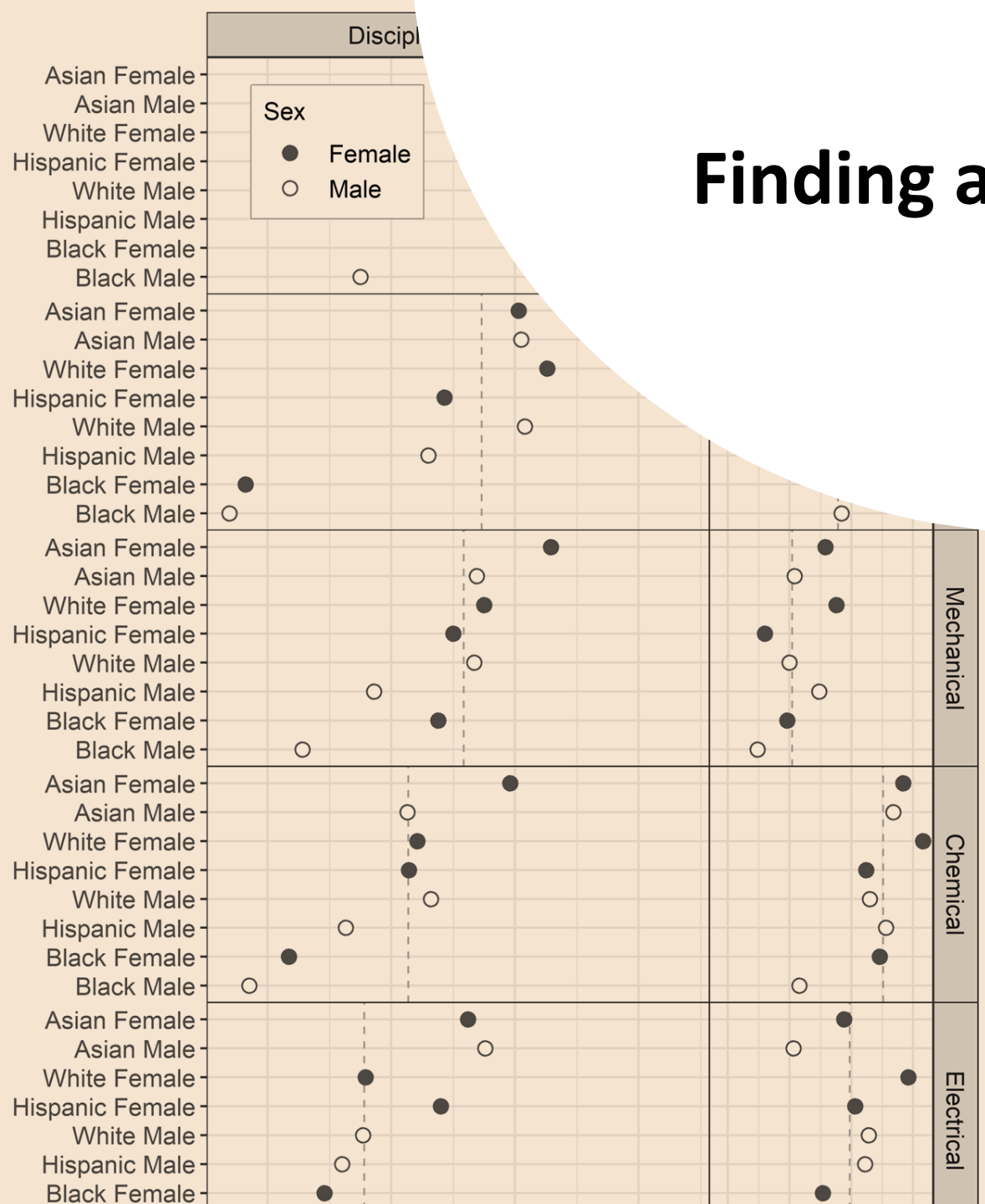


Finding and presenting stories in the data

2019 MIDFIELD Institute

Susan Lord
Richard Layton

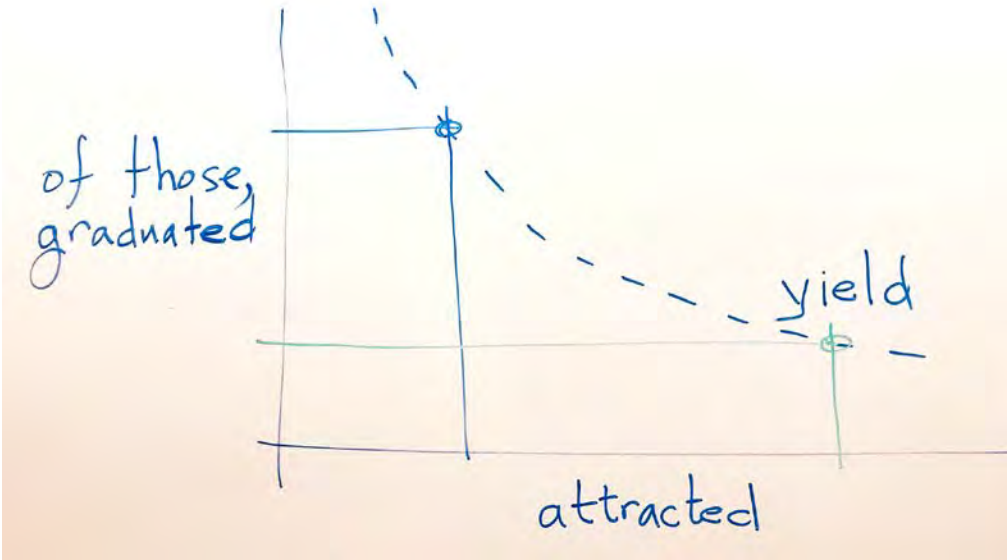
Tuesday, June 4, 2019



This talk focuses on finding the stories in the data

version 1
version 2
version 3
...

Design of effective displays is iterative

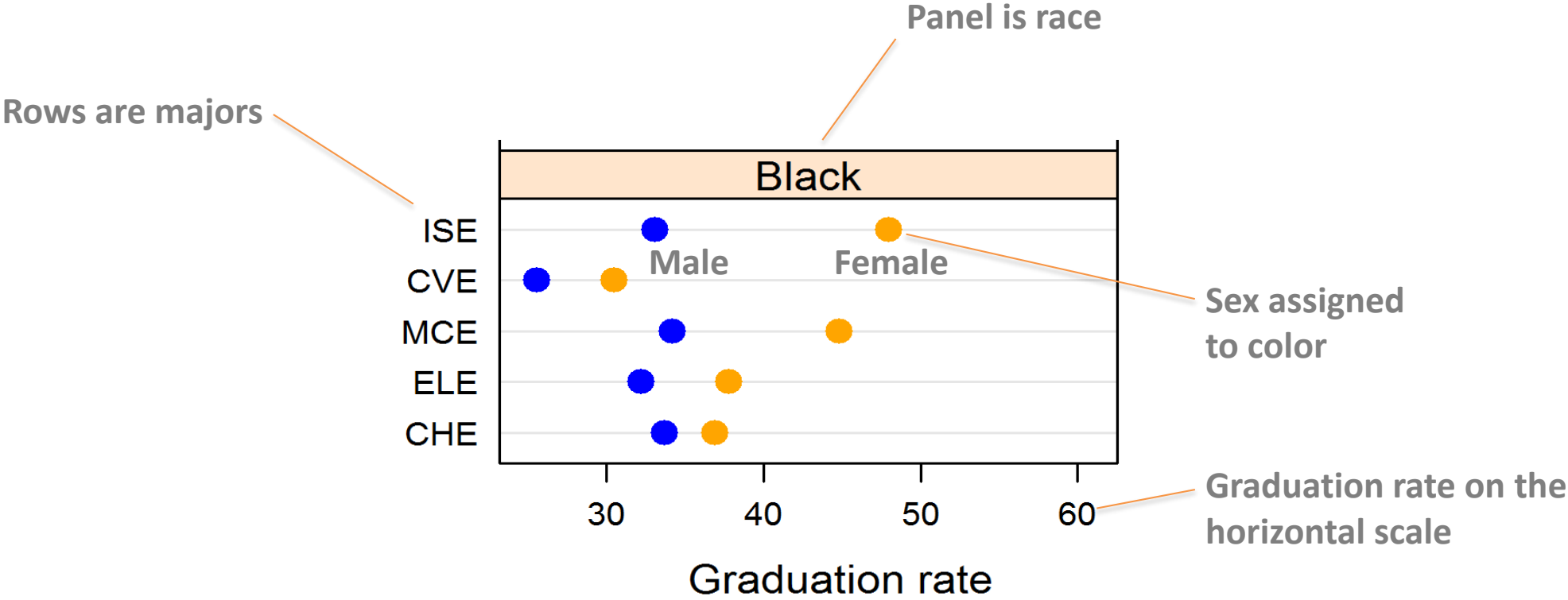


Complex displays start with simple conceptual sketches

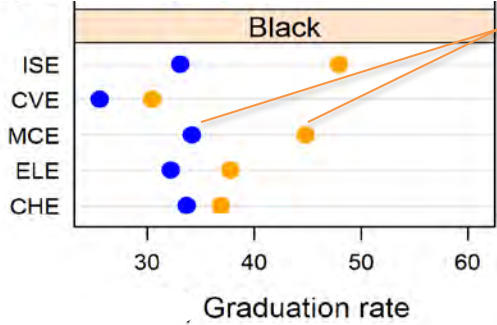
Example 1

Iteratively exploring the starters' graduation rates

In an initial look at graduation rate, we placed men and women on the same row.



A multiway design facilitates comparisons within a panel.



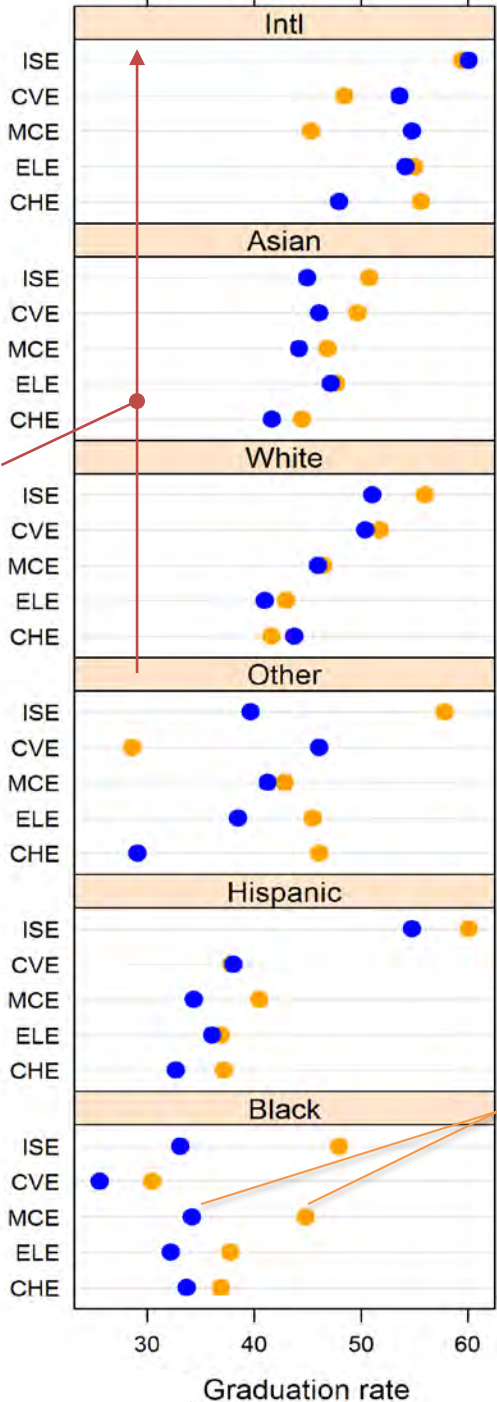
Compare by **sex**
One **race**,
compare by **major**

A multiway design facilitates comparisons within a panel.

version 1

Order panels by median by race

Order rows by median by major



Compare by sex
One race,
compare by major

In the dual multiway, we swap the roles of rows and panels.

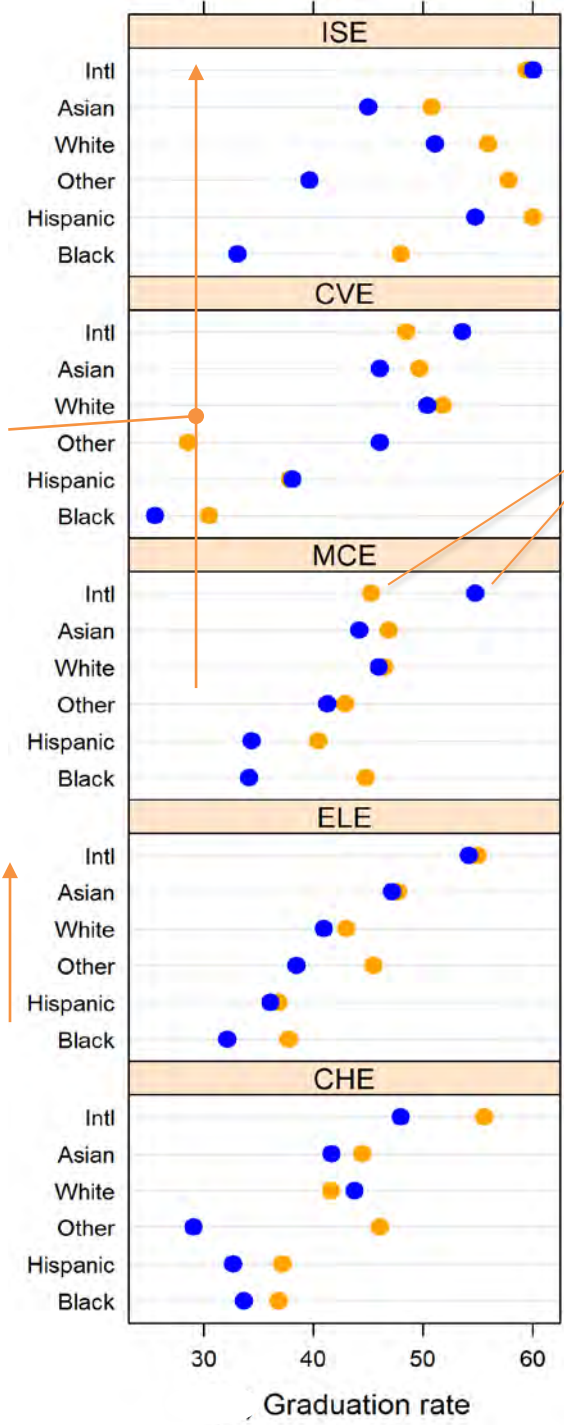
version 2

Order panels by median by major

Compare by sex

Order rows by median by race

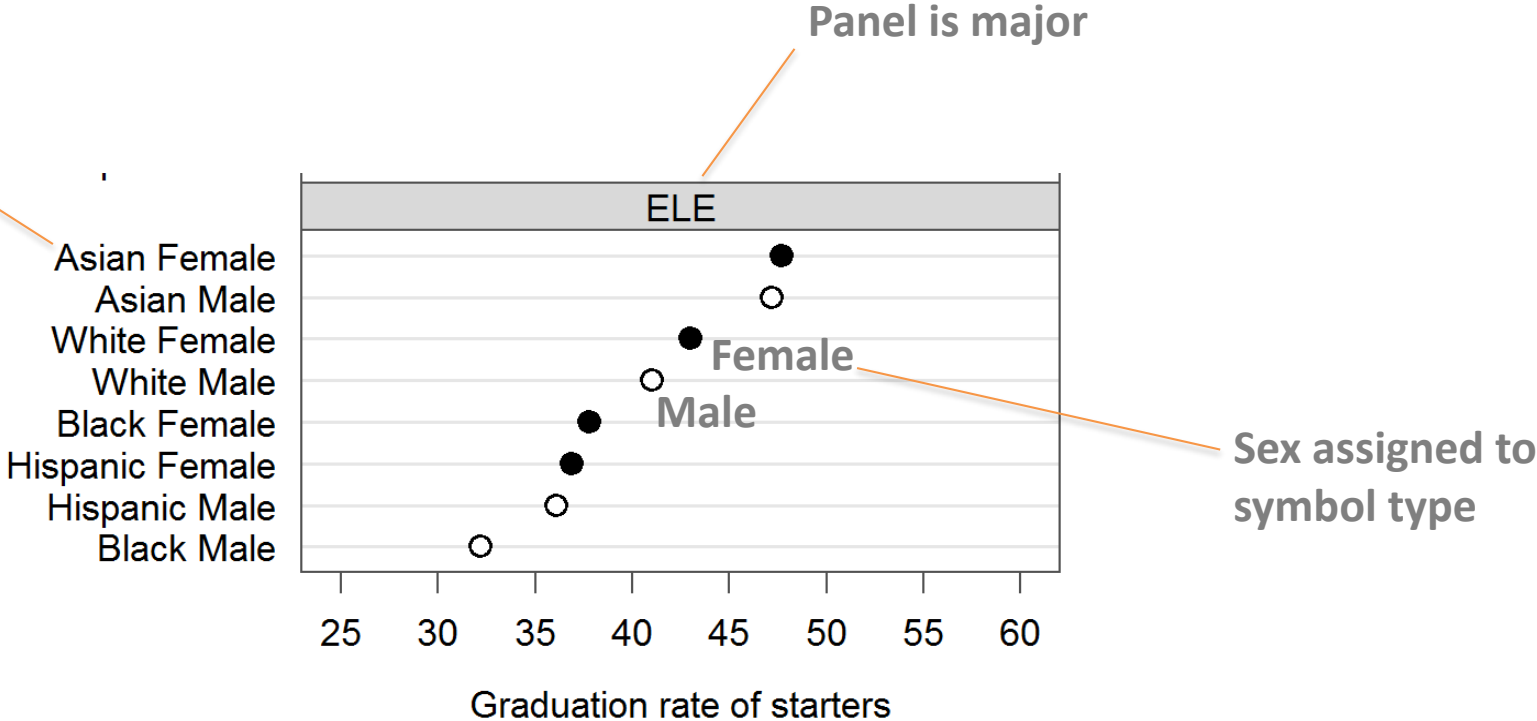
One major, compare by race



The next iteration placed men and women on separate rows

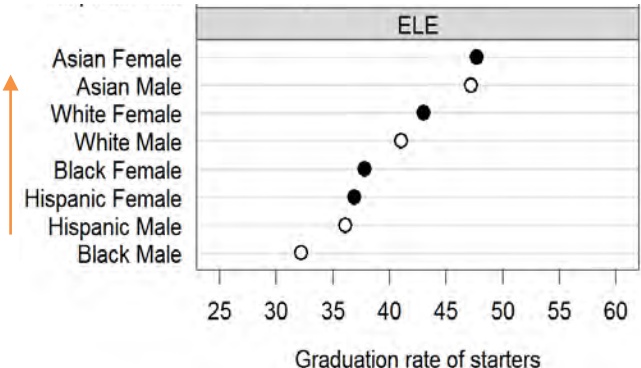
Rows are race + sex

We omit International and Other



In this design, the rows are ordered by the data in the panel

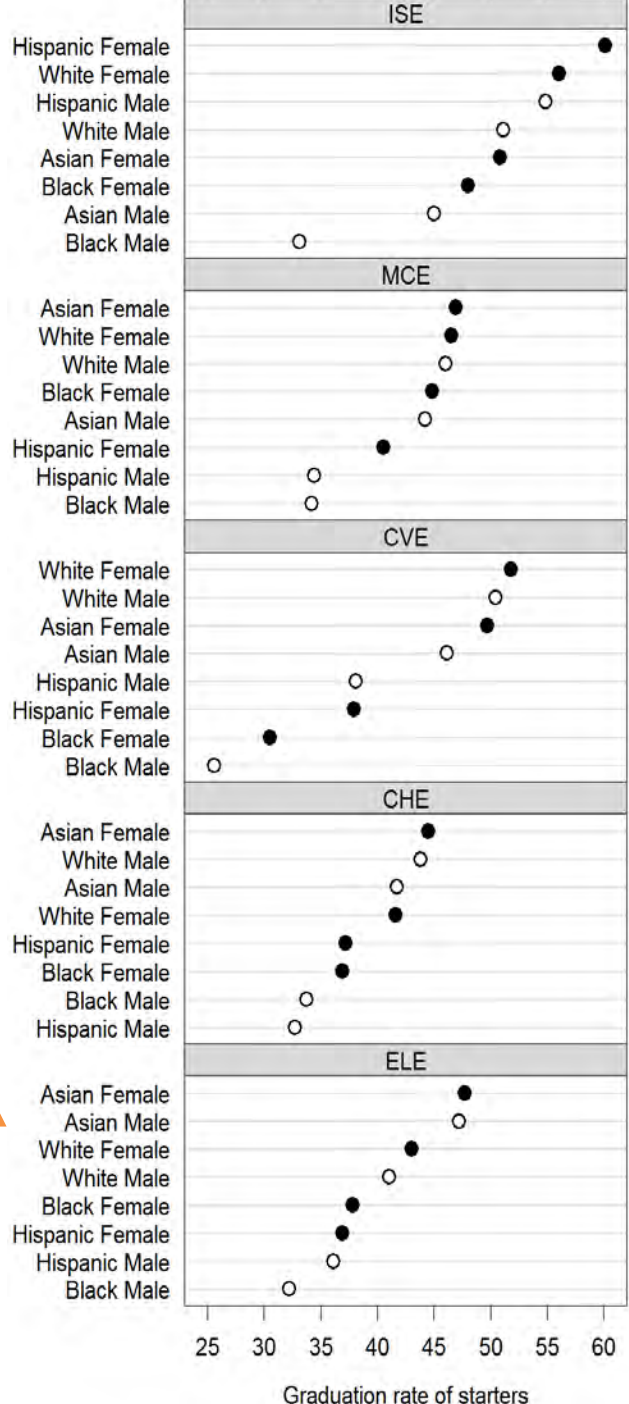
Order rows by data in panel



One major, compare by race/sex

In this design, the rows are ordered by the data in the panel

version 3



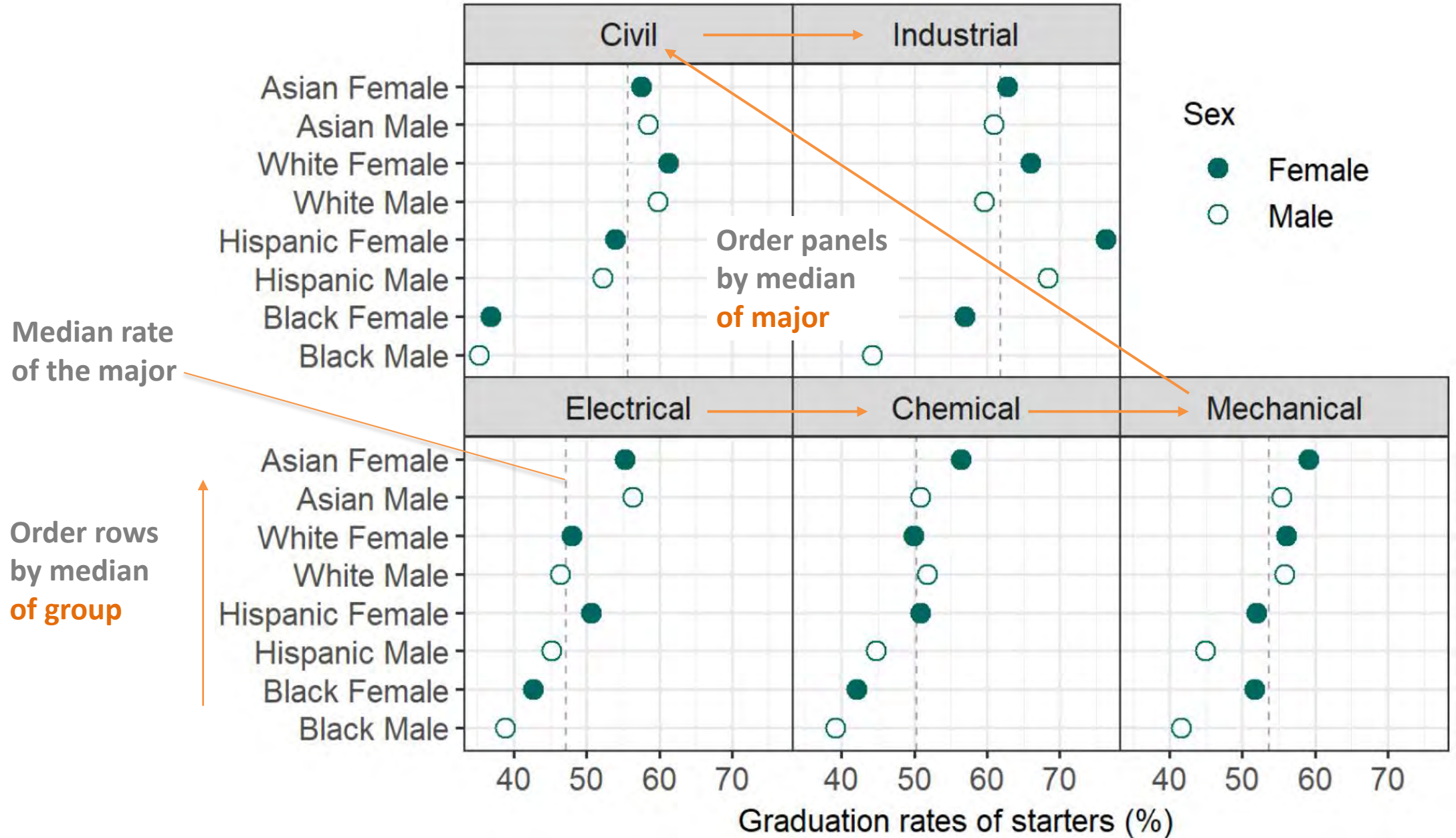
Order panels by median in the panel

Order rows by data in panel

One major, compare by race/sex

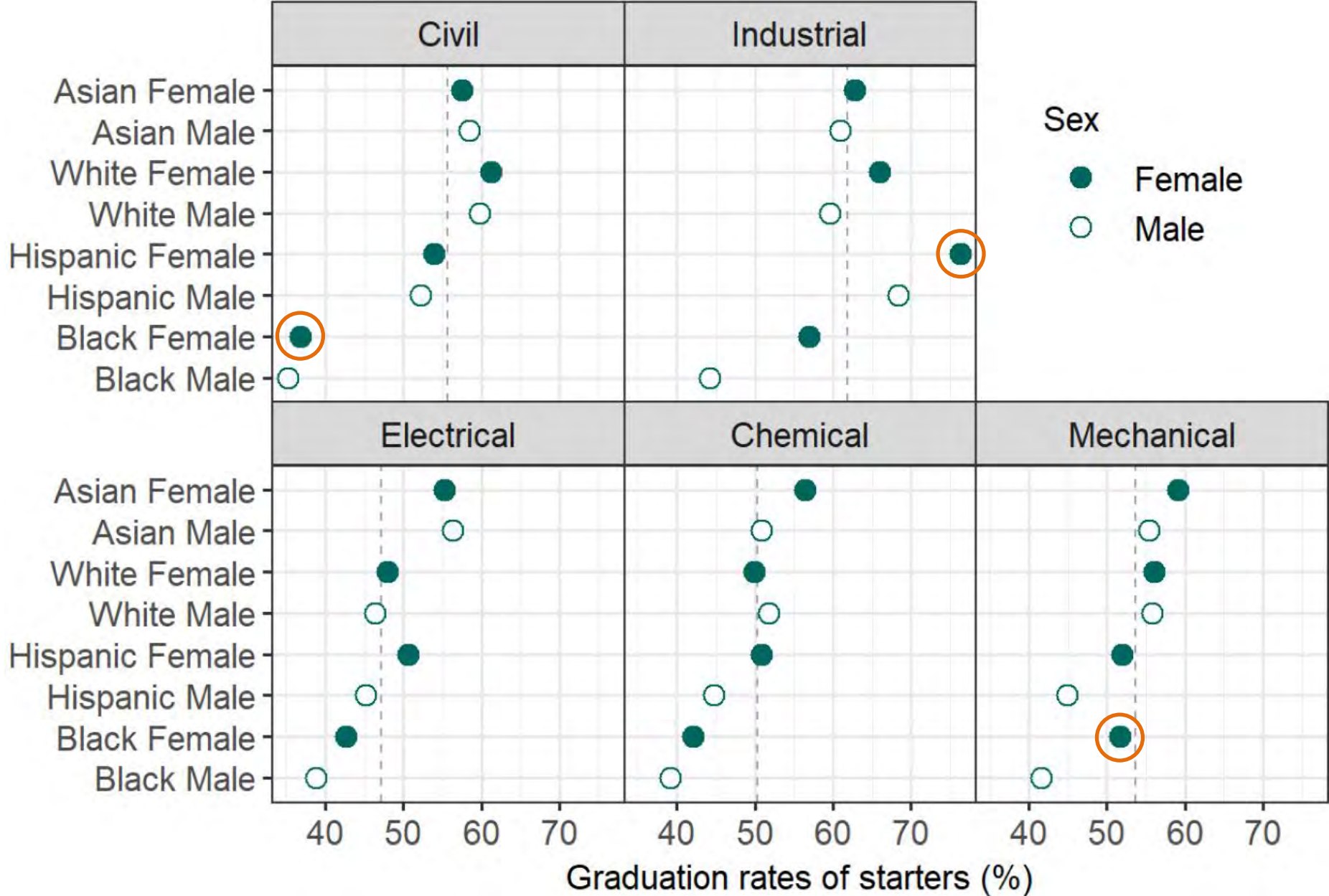
In the final design, all rows are in the same order

version 4



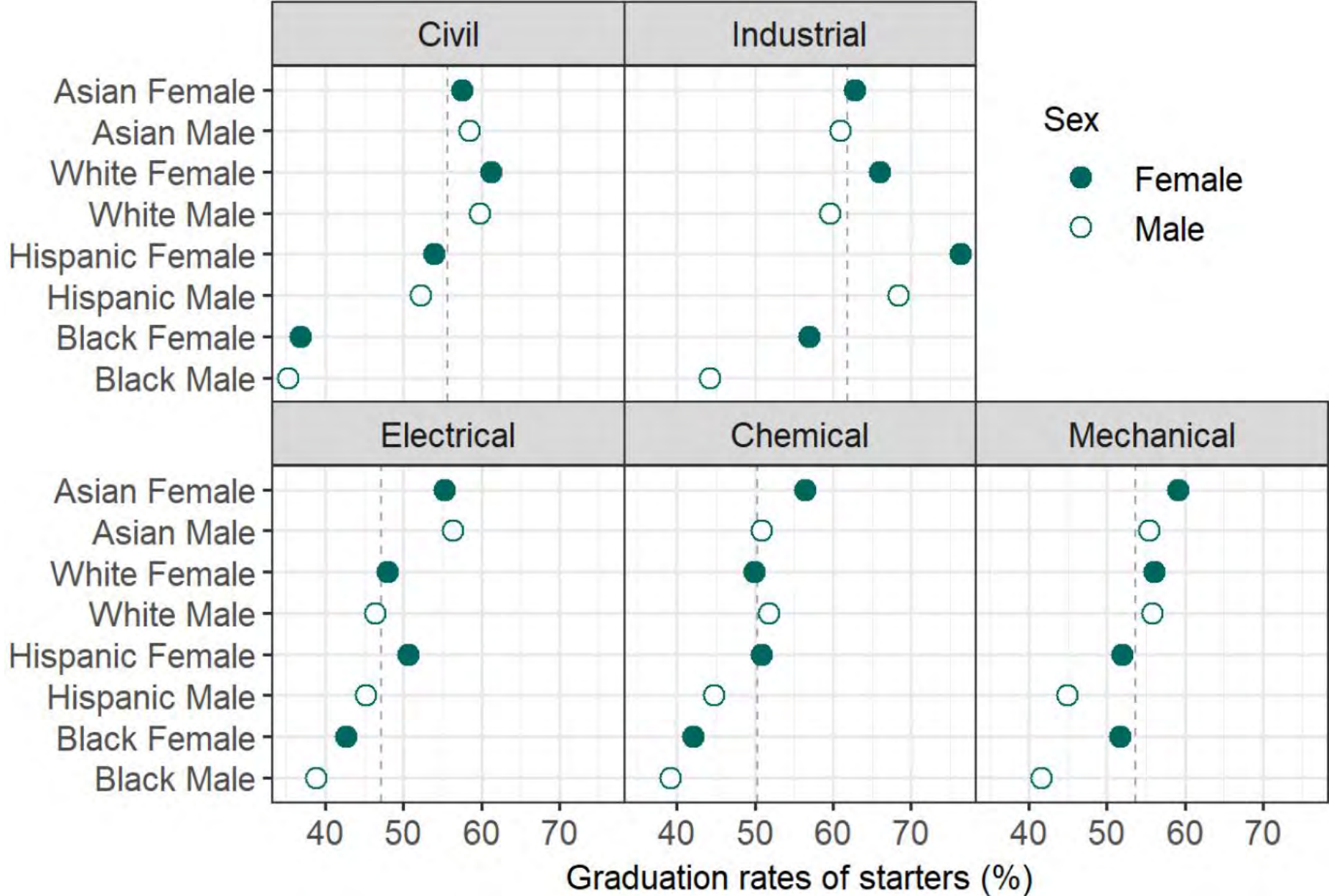
This multiway design highlights visual anomalies.

version 4



This multiway design highlights visual anomalies.

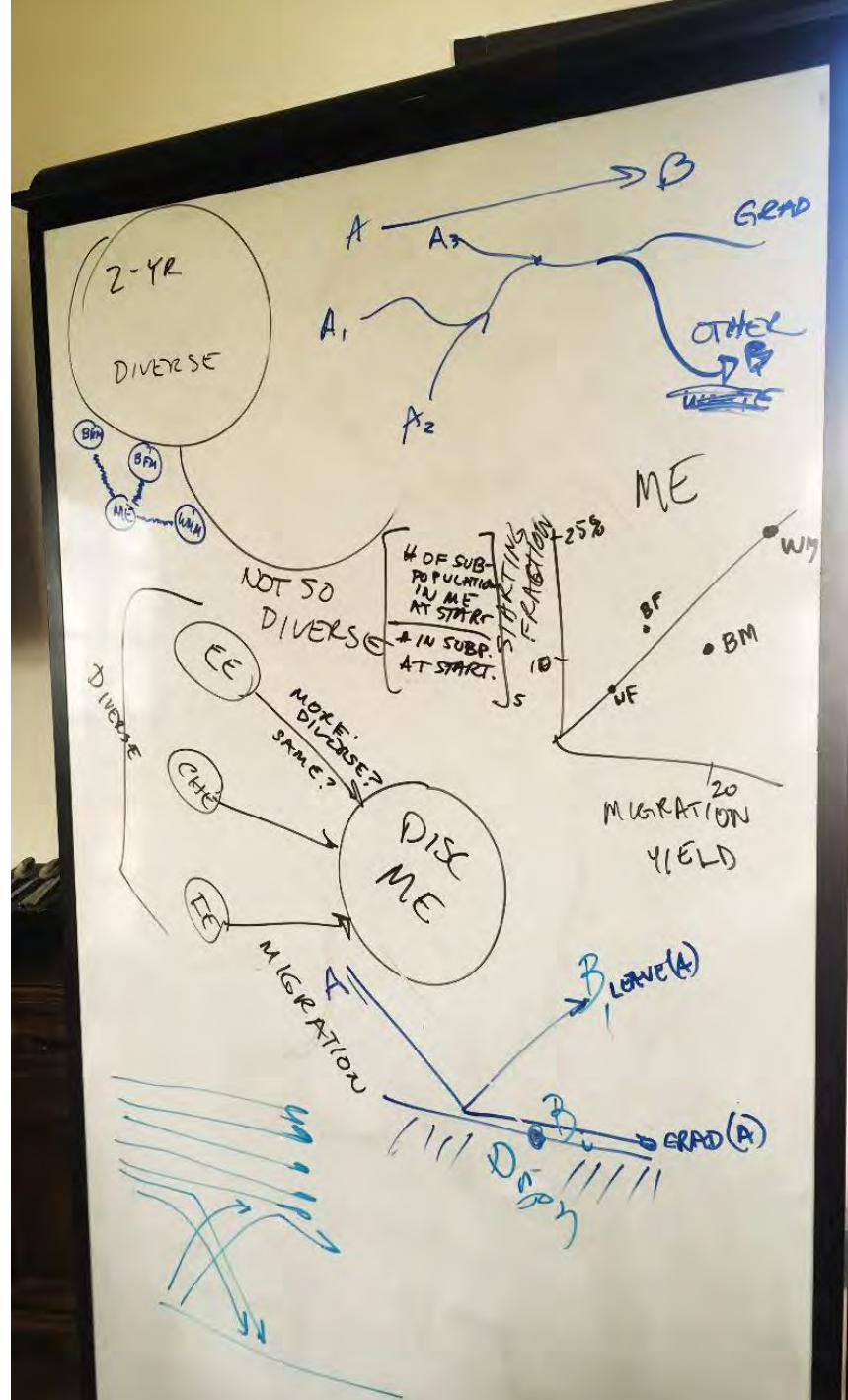
version 4



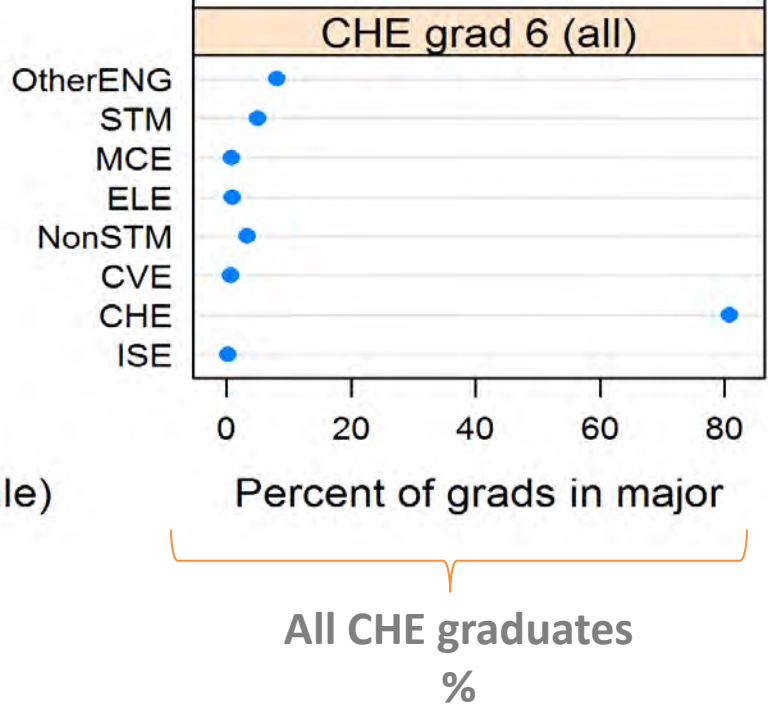
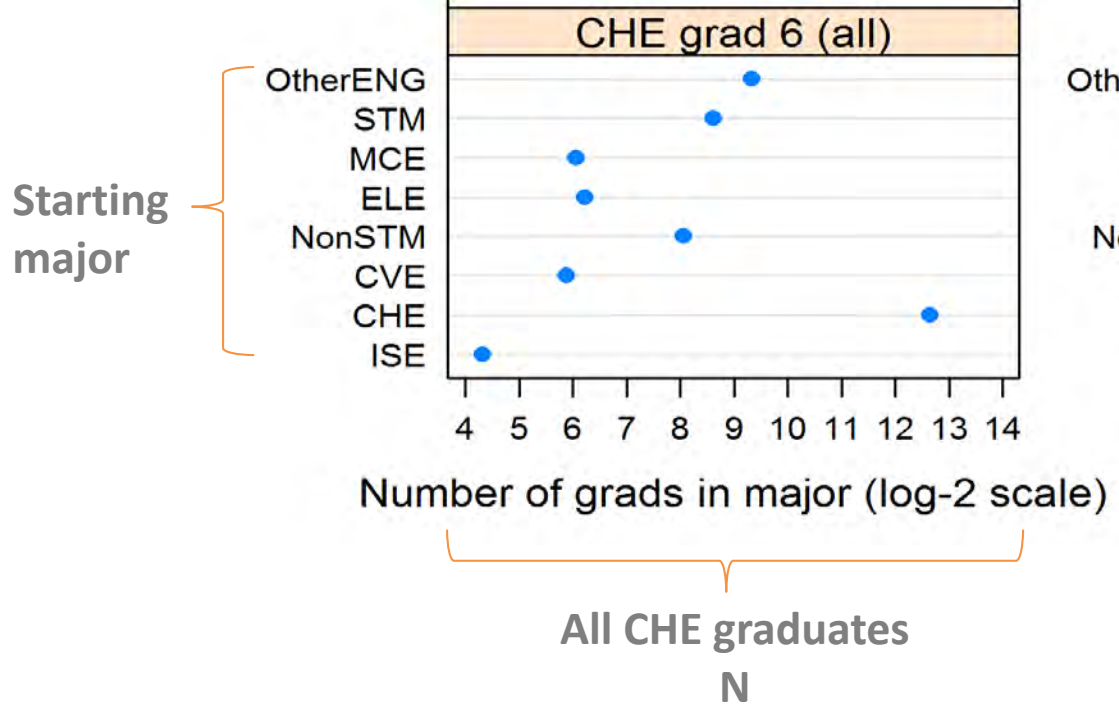
Example 2

Iteratively exploring the migrators' stories

Initially we sketched and discussed around a white board.



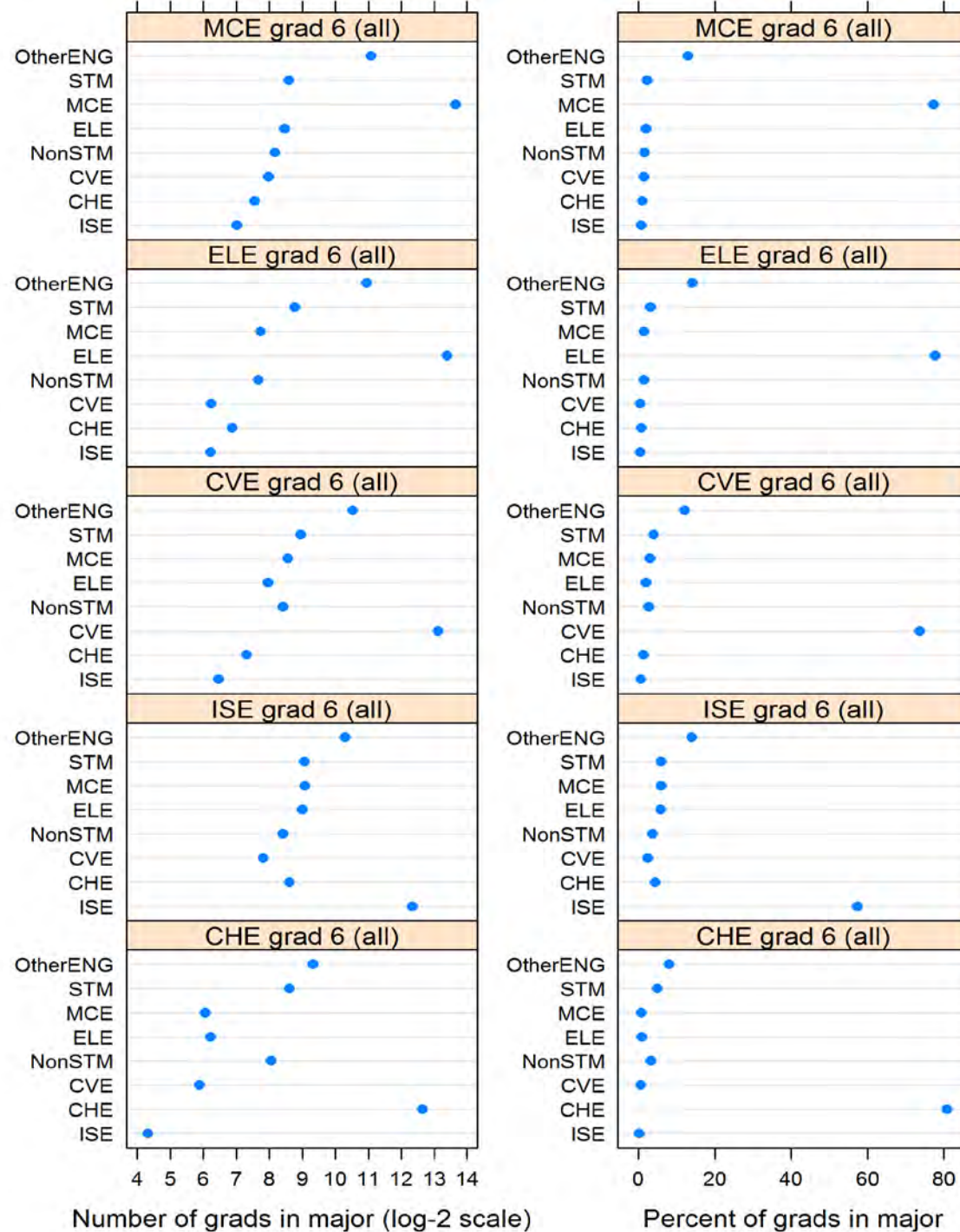
In our first attempt we asked where grads in a major started



Same graph, 5 majors

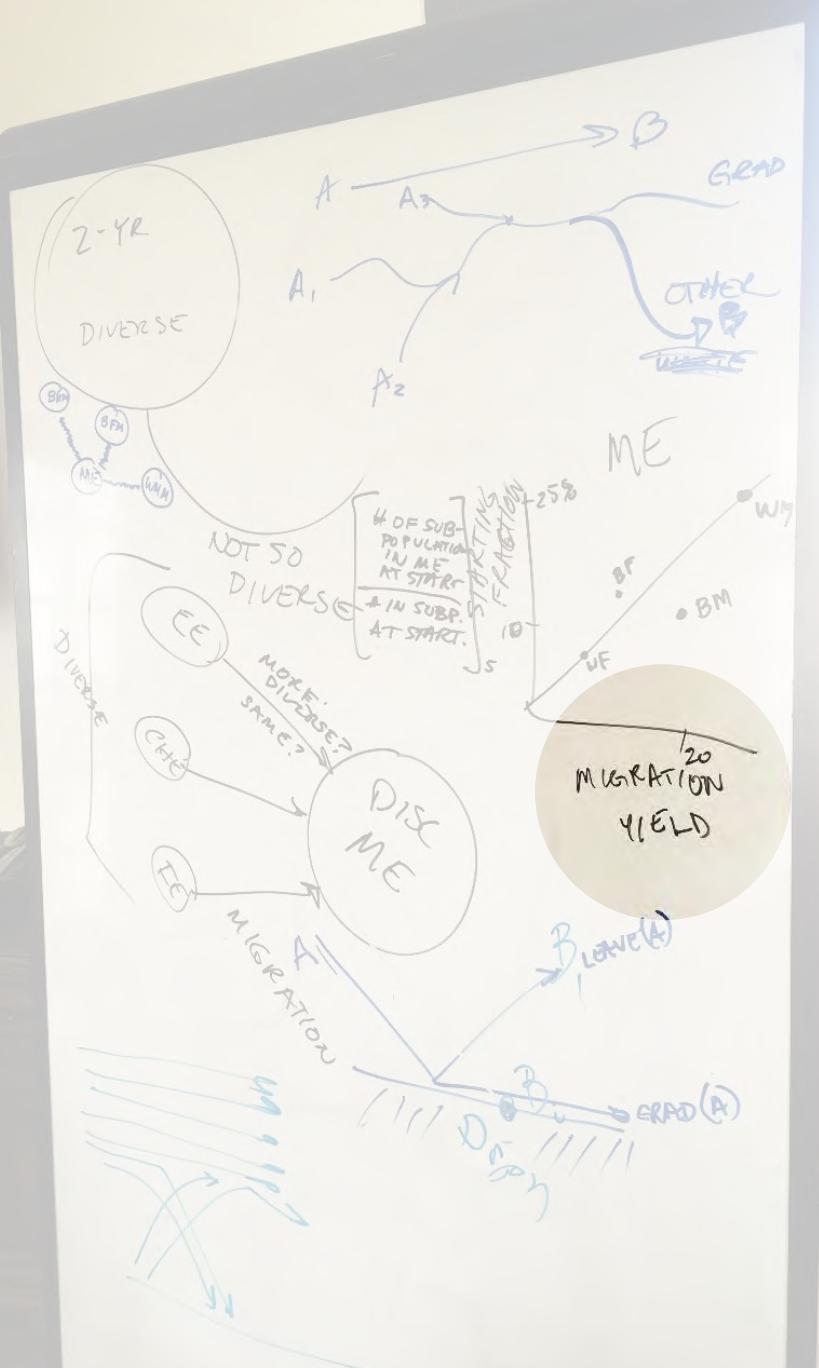
version 1

The visual story didn't seem meaningful



We constructed a new metric

A new metric, **migration yield**, was hinted at in our initial brainstorming.



We constructed a new metric

Pool (839)

Black Male students in EE

839 potential migrators to EE

Of those, 386 migrated to EE

Fraction of migrators attracted = $386 / 839 = 0.460$

Migrate (386)

Of those, 184 graduated in EE

Fraction attracted that graduate = $184 / 386 = 0.477$

Graduate (184)

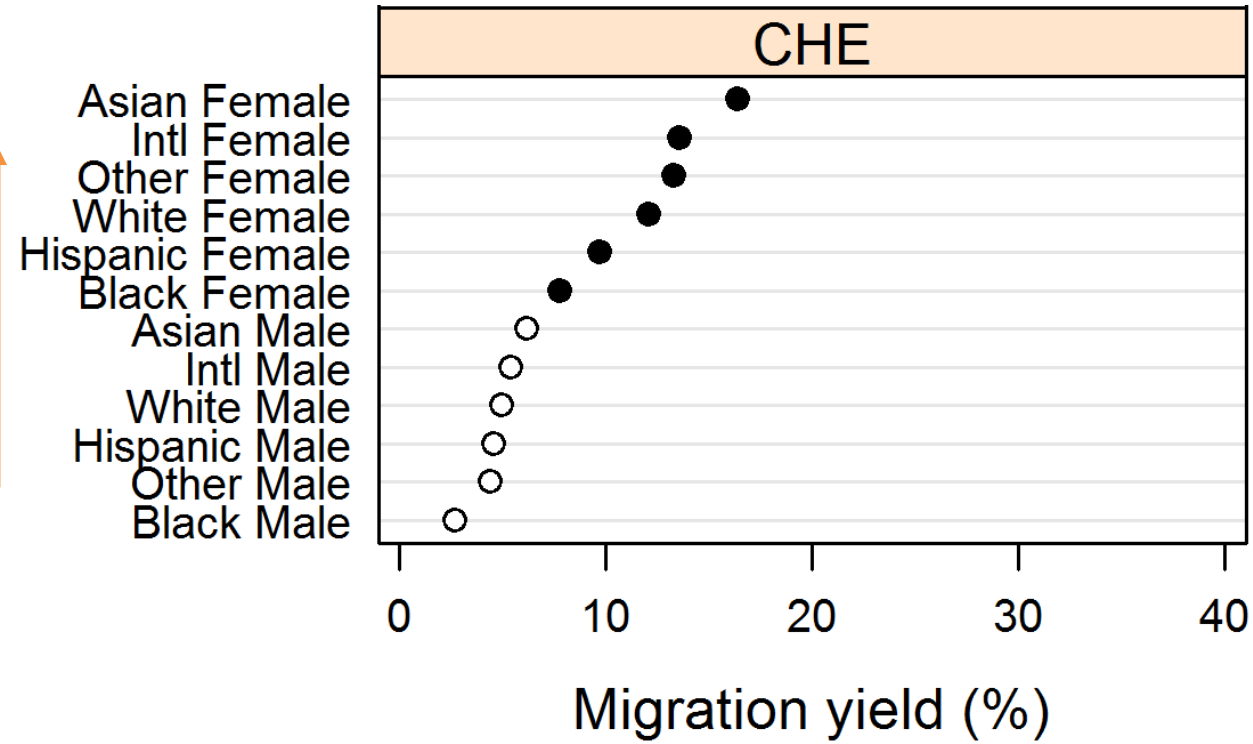
Migration yield is computed in one of two ways:

Product of the two fractions: $0.460 \times 0.477 = 22\%$

Ratio of graduates to pool: $184 / 839 = 22\%$

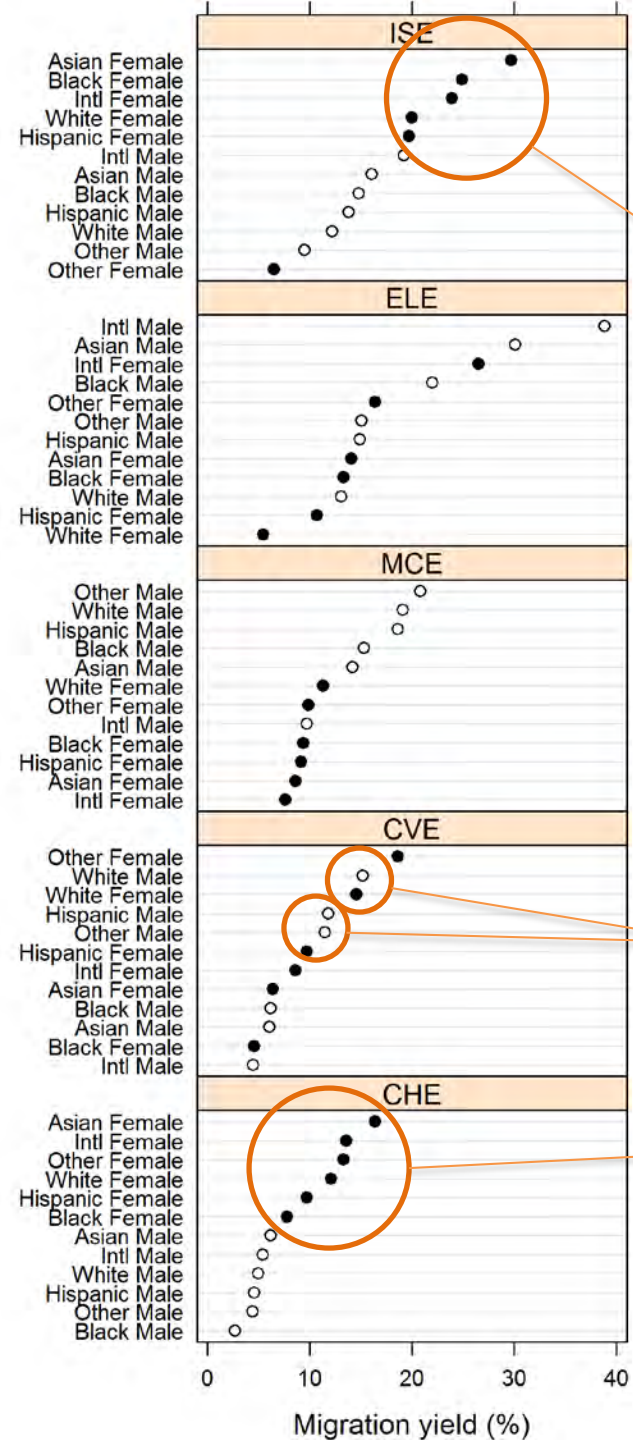
In the first attempt, we graphed migration yield directly

Order rows
by the
data values



Same graph, 5 majors

version 2



Clustered by sex

Clustered by race

Clustered by sex

Order rows by the data values

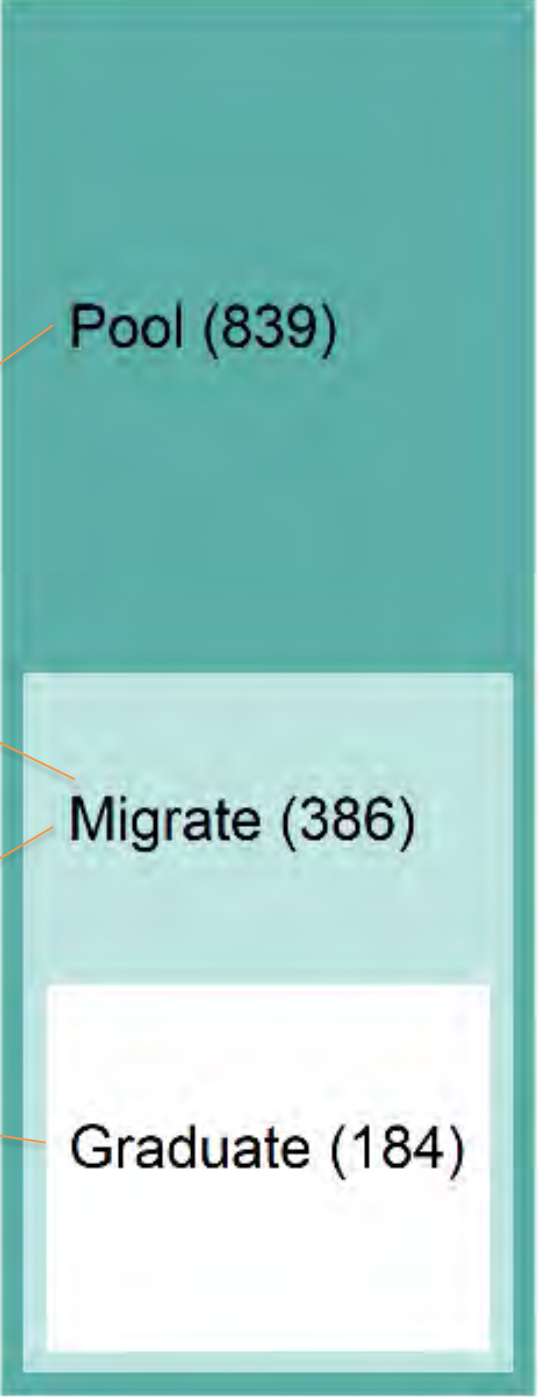
We realized we had two distinct concepts contributing to migration yield

The fraction of the pool who were attracted

×

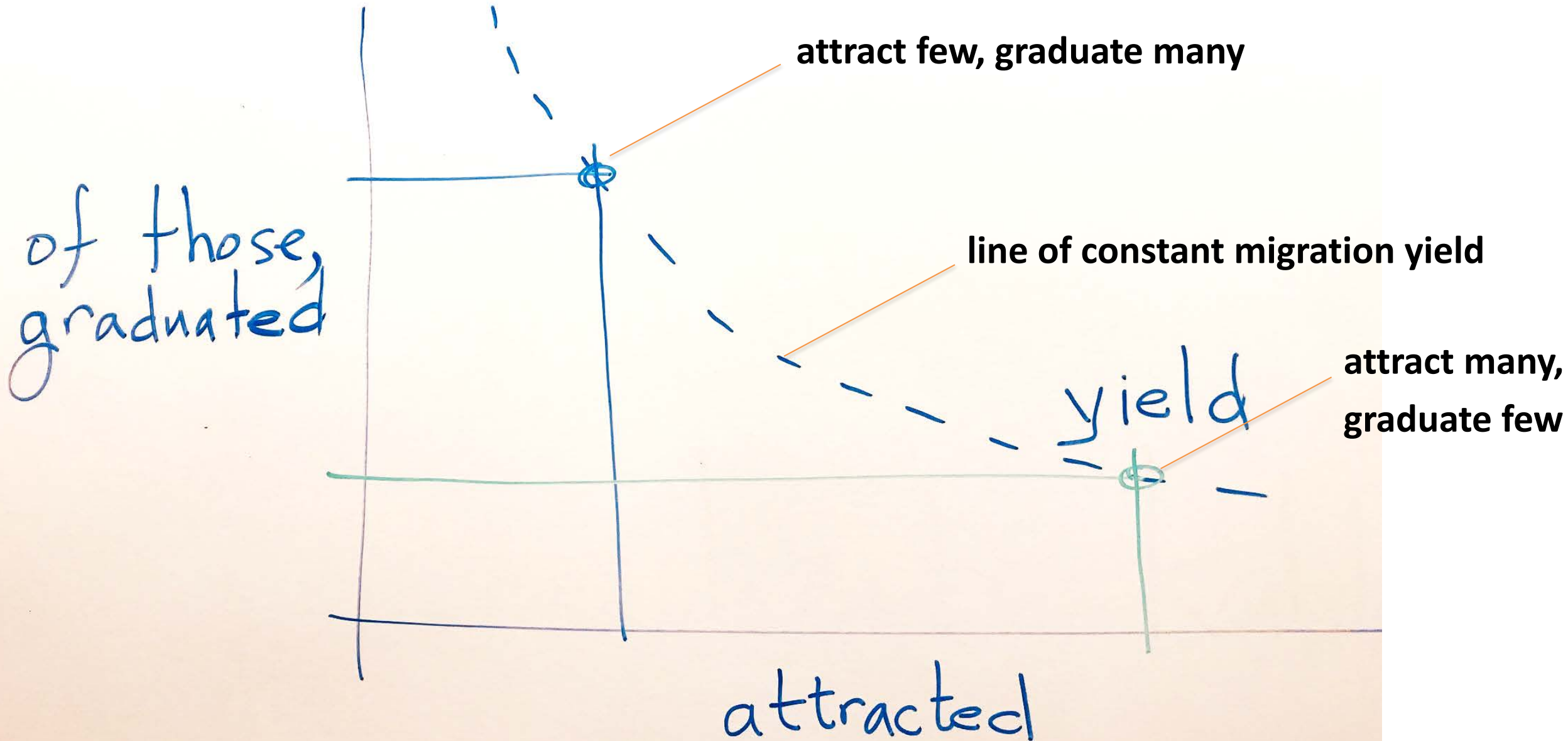
The fraction of those who graduated

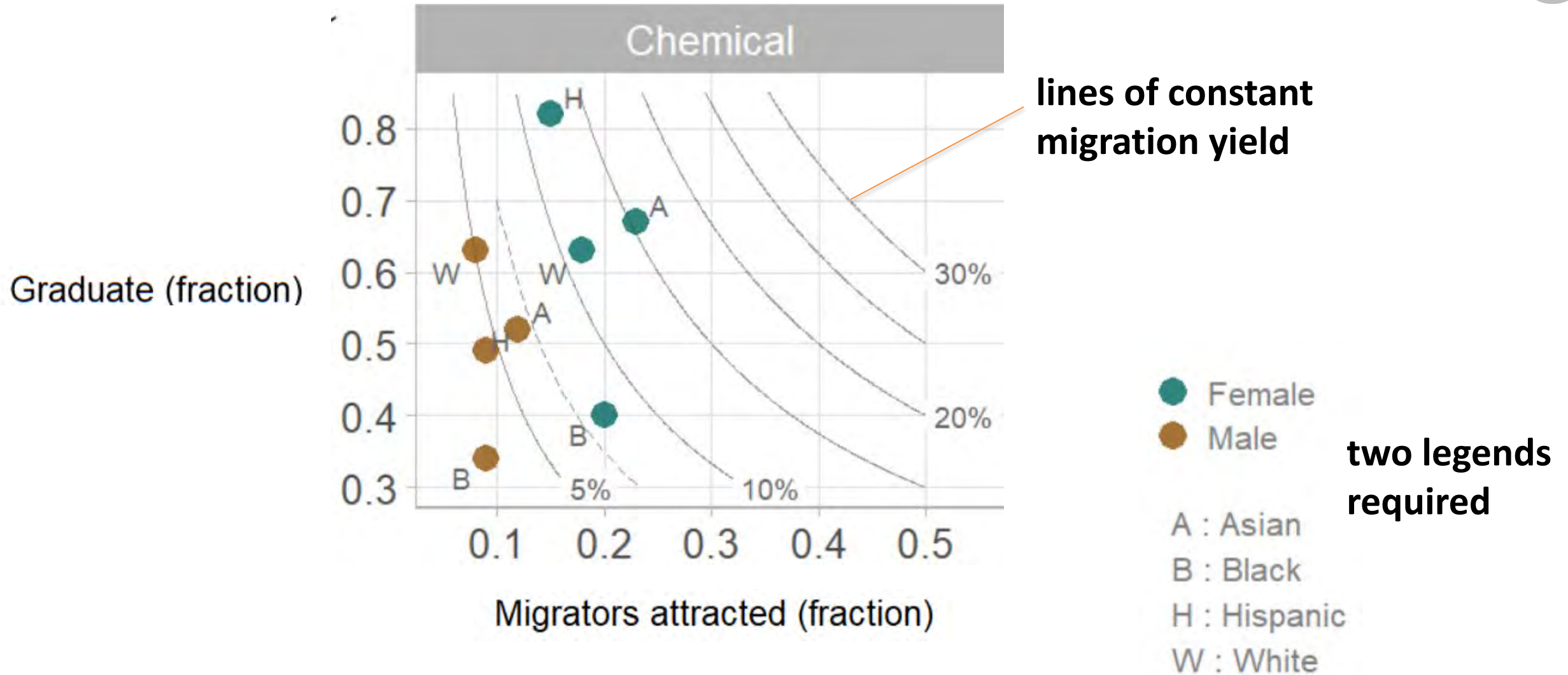
= migration yield

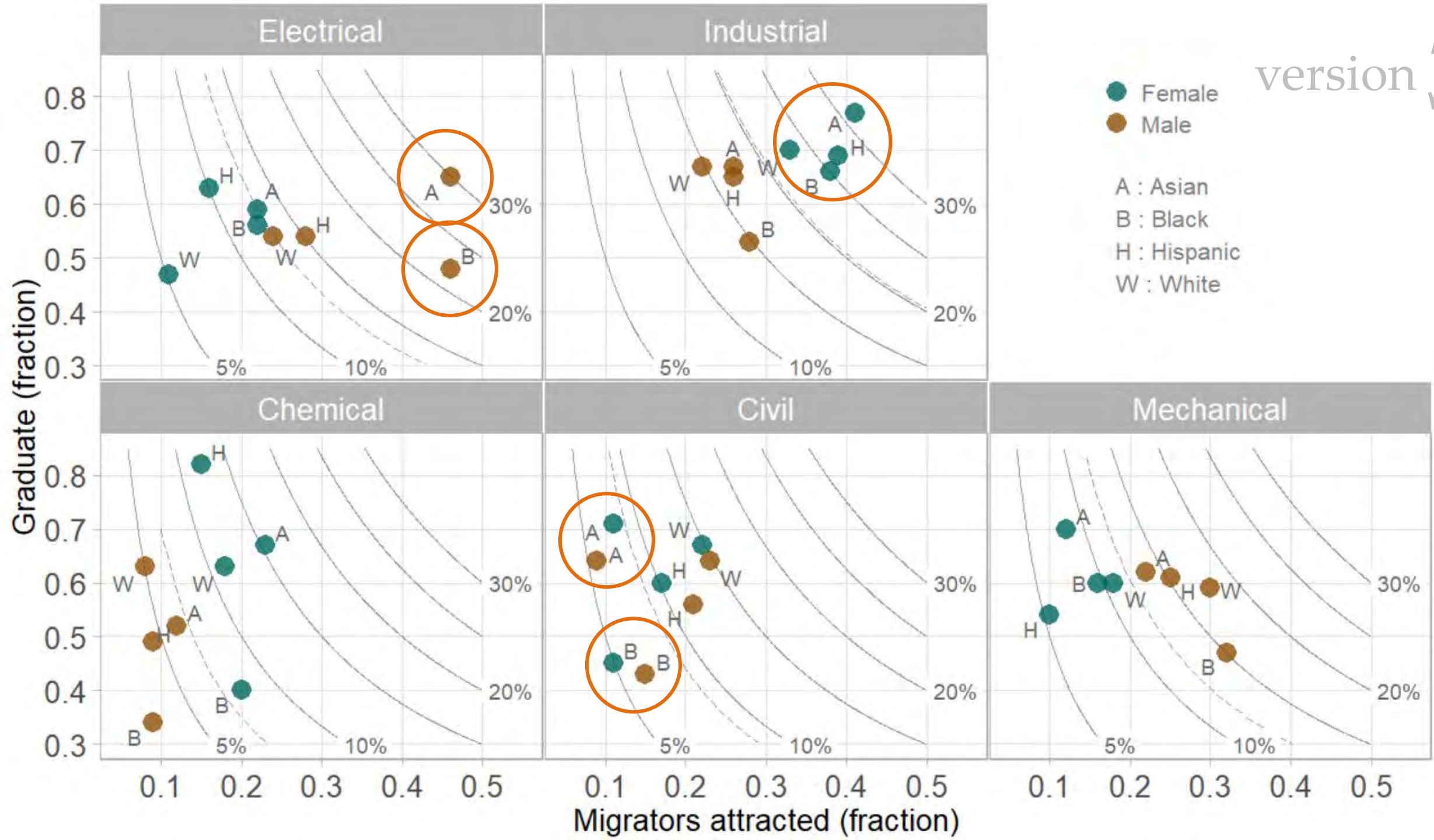


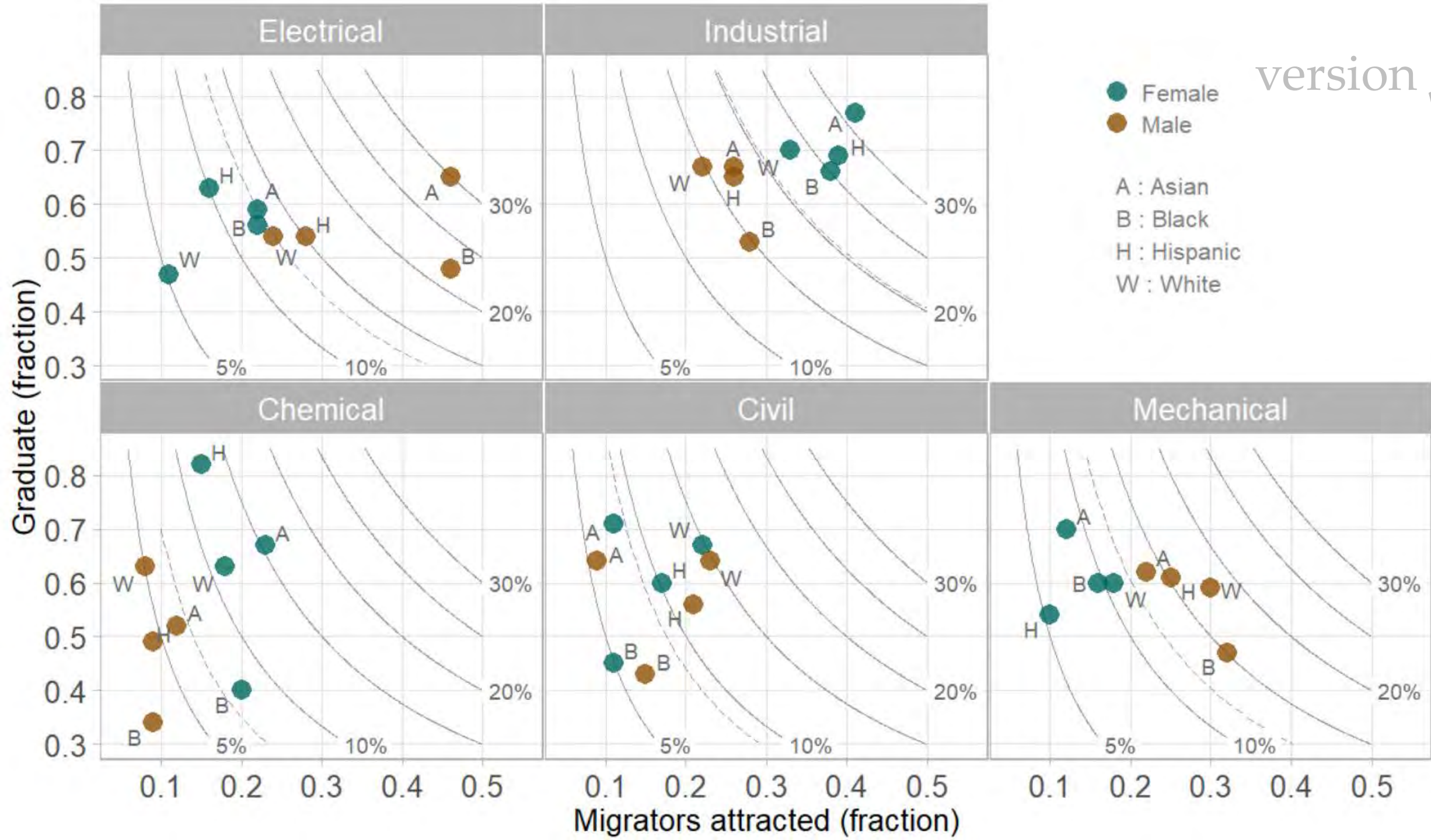
In a Cartesian graph, a constant product is a contour

version 3





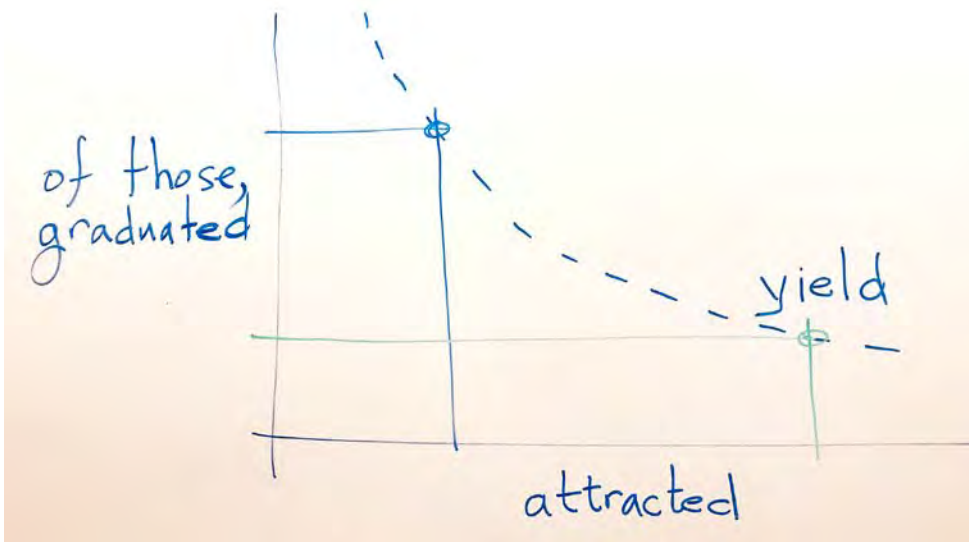




In summary, effective design is both iterative and creative



Software proficiency is necessary for effective iteration...



... guided by the intellectual effort needed to **construct an argument**